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STILS.



Compliant SDS for GHS: HazCom 2012 / United States; WHMIS 2015 / Canada

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

AMSOIL Chain Lube

Section 1. Identification Version		2015
GHS product identifier	: AMSOIL Chain Lube	
Code	: ACLSC	
Product type	: Aerosol.	
Identified uses	: Lubricating oil for chains.	
Manufacturer	: AMSOIL INC. One AMSOIL Center Superior, WI 54880 Tel: +1 715-392-7101	
Initial Supplier (Canada)	: AMSOIL INC. Bordner, Ladner, Gervais Scotia Plaza, 40 King St W Toronto, ON, Canada M5H 3Y4 Tel: +1 416-367-6547	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC: Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300; Outside USA and Canada: +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls accepted) (24/7)	

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS)) - Category 1
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

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Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P260 - Do not breathe dust or mist. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> <li>P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell. P302 + P352 + P362+P364 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> </ul>
Storage	<ul> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.</li> <li>P410 - Protect from sunlight.</li> </ul>
	P412 - Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise clas	sified (HNOC)
Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC)	: None known.
Health hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

(HHNOC)

Product code	: Not applicable. : ACLSC
Ingredient name	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Naphtha, hydrotreated light	30 - 60	64742-49-0
Butene, homopolymer	5 - 10	9003-29-6
Stoddard solvent	1 - 5	8052-41-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

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There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures			
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.</li> </ul>		
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.</li> </ul>		
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.		

Most important sympto	oms/effects, acute and delayed	
Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing</li> </ul>	
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness</li> </ul>	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

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Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide carbonyl halides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
personnel	Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from
	entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid
	escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are
	ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up
	section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No
	flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide

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		adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the

same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling **Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Advice on general Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is ÷. handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, occupational hygiene drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. **Conditions for safe storage**, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food including any and drink. Protect from sunlight, Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate incompatibilities containment to avoid environmental contamination.

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Date of issue : 08/15/2015

**AMSOIL Chain Lube** 

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

**United States** 

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Stoddard solvent	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 525 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). CEIL: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 2900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.

#### Canada

Occupational exposure limits		TWA (8 hours) STEL (15 mins)		5)	Ceiling						
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	Notations
Butane	US ACGIH 3/2015	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	
	AB 4/2009	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	BC 2/2015	600	-	-	750	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 7/2015	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	
	QC 1/2014	800	1900	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Propane	AB 4/2009	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	BC 2/2015	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 7/2015	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	QC 1/2014	1000	1800	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Stoddard solvent	US ACGIH 3/2015	100	525	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
E	AB 4/2009	100	572	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	BC 2/2015	-	290	-	-	580	-	-	-	-	
	ON 7/2015	100	525	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	QC 1/2014	100	525	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Appropriate engineering : controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure : controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
Individual protection measures	

# Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before<br/>eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.<br/>Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.<br/>Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety<br/>showers are close to the workstation location.

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Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	Liquid. [Aeros	sol.]
Color	Clear.	
Odor	Solvent.	
Odor threshold	Not available	<b>}.</b>
рН	Not available	<b>)</b> .
Melting point	Not available	<b>)</b> .
Boiling point	Not available	<b>)</b> .
Flash point	Not available	<b>)</b> .
Evaporation rate	<1 (Ether. =	1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available	).
Lower and upper explosive	Not available	<b>}.</b>
(flammable) limits		
Vapor pressure	Not available	).
Vapor density	>1 [Air = 1]	
Relative density	Not available	).
Solubility	Not available	).
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not available	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available	<u>}.</u>
Decomposition temperature	Not available	<b>}.</b>
Viscosity	Not available	<b>)</b> .
Volatility	Not available	<u>}.</u>

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## AMSOIL Chain Lube

VOC (w/w)	: 76 % (w/w)
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Spray
Heat of combustion	: 13.09 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

There is no data available.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Stoddard solvent	Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit Human	-	24 hours 500 mg 100 ppm	-

#### Sensitization

There is no data available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

#### There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Stoddard solvent	Category 1	Not determined	central nervous system (CNS)

**Aspiration hazard** 



Name		Result
Naphtha, hydrotreated light Butene, homopolymer Stoddard solvent		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
nformation on the likely outes of exposure	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inha	lation.
Potential acute health effects	<u>1</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or cri	itical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or cri	itical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, chemical and toxicological cl	haracteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the pain or irritation watering redness	ne following:
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the respiratory tract irritation coughing	ne following:
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include th irritation redness	ne following:
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or cri	itical hazards.
Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from sh	ort and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or cri	itical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or cri	tical hazards.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or cri	itical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or cri	tical hazards.
Potential chronic health effe	ects	
General	: Causes damage to organs throug	h prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or cri	itical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or cri	itical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or cri	itical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or cri	itical hazards.

## Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

There is no data available.

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## Section 12. Ecological information

## **Toxicity**

There is no data available.

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Naphtha, hydrotreated light	2.2 to 5.2	10 to 2500	high
Butene, homopolymer	7.6 to 7.8	314 to 1882	high
Stoddard solvent	3.16 to 7.06	-	high

Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: There is no data available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

# **Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable (each not exceeding 1 L capacity). Marine pollutant (Stoddard solvent, Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro)		Aerosols, flammable (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)	Aerosols, flammable (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

10/12

#### AMSOIL Chain Lube

Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	This product is not regulated as a marine pollutant when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173. 24 and 173.24a. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Packaging instructions: Y 203	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2. 17 (Class 2).	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-D, S-U	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

**AERG** : 126

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: Butane; Propane	
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Not listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	Not listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	Not listed	
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	Not listed	
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	Not listed	
SARA 302/304 Composition/information	ingredients	

11/12

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No products were found.

: Not applicable.

SARA 304 RQ SARA 311/312

Classification

: Fire hazard Sudden release of pressure Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	-	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	(acute)	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Naphtha, hydrotreated light Butene, homopolymer Stoddard solvent	5 - 10	Yes. No. Yes.	No.	No. No. No.	No. Yes. No.	No. No. Yes.

#### **SARA 313**

No products were found.

State regulations	
Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: Butane; Propane; Stoddard solvent
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: Butane; Propane; Stoddard solvent
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: Butane; Propane; Stoddard solvent
<u>California Prop. 65</u>	
No products were found.	
Onwordland lineta	
<u>Canadian lists</u>	
Canadian NPRI	: The following components are listed: Butane; Propane; Stoddard solvent; Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro

**CEPA Toxic substances** : None of the components are listed.

## Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy	: 08/15/2015
Version	: 1
Prepared by	: AMSOIL INC.
Mada a fa se al se	

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.